"Science and Biblical Creation: Interpreting Scripture" Session 2 in the Christianity and Science Series

Series Webpage: www.richknopp.com/lcc-science/

Lincoln Christian Church October 1, 2025 www.RoomForDoubt.com Richard A. Knopp, Ph.D. www.RichKnopp.com e: Rich@RoomForDoubt.com

Introduction

- A. The primacy of biblical creation in the O.T. (e.g., Gen. 1-2, Ex. 20:11; Ps. 33:6; Isa. 40:25-26; 45:12; Jer. 51:15-16).
- B. The prominence of God's Son in biblical creation (e.g. John 1:1-3; Col. 1:15-17; Heb. 1:2; 11:3).
- C. One obvious challenge.
 - 1. Dominant scientific paradigms.
 - a. The universe is ~ 13.8 billion years old and the earth is ~ 4.5 billion years old.
 - b. Life originated by natural processes and evolved through natural selection (Darwin).
 - 2. The Bible claims that God created it all in six days (Hebrew yom = day).
- D. Session objectives.
 - 1. Describe the uniqueness of biblical creation in the ancient world.
 - 2. Survey various interpretations of biblical creation by Christians.
 - 3. Reinforce the authority and relevance of Scripture.

I. The Uniqueness of Biblical Creation

- A. Other ancient near-east creation accounts.
 - I. Egyptian: After defeating the god of the underworld, the sun-god, Ra, creates man from his tears.
 - 2. Atrahasis Epic (Babylonian): Humans created when Nintu mixes clay with the blood of another god. In another account, humans were created from blood and clay on which the gods spit.
 - 3. Enuma Elish: Marduk splits Tiamat in half to create heavens and earth, and humans were created to do the daily tasks of the gods.
- B. Contrasts to Genesis.

C. D.

Other Creation Accounts	Genesis			
Multiple gods in a hierarchy	ONE God			
Struggle & deceit among gods	No struggle or deceit			
Promotes a local god (or place)	Universal God over everyone and everything			
Nature & purpose of humanity: To take care of menial tasks for the gods.	•			
	Humanity: Image of God (1:27); blessed and encouraged to multiply (1:28) given dominion over creation (1:29; 2:19-20); given ample provisions (1:29-30) and pleasure (2:9; 3:6); originally pure (2:25).			
The Bible gives a different picture of	DEITY .			
2. The Bible gives a different picture of				
 The Bible gives a different picture of Poem: "God I Am" 				
	HUMANITY			
3. Poem: "God I Am" Ancient creation accounts emphasize the	HUMANITY			
3. Poem: "God I Am"	HUMANITY			

	E.	Important points of biblical interpretation.								
		I. What did the spoken or written word mean to theORIGINAL audience?								
		2. The Bible was writtenFOR us but notTO us (I Cor. 10:6-12 " Now these things happened to them as an example, but they were written down for our instruction" [v. II]).								
II.	н	OW Did Creation Occur?								
	A.	"And God said " (Gen. 1:3,6,9,11,14,20,24,26).								
		 "The universe was created by the word of God" (Heb. 11:3 ESV). "He commanded and they were created" (Ps. 148:5). 								
	B.	Creation ex nihilo (from NOTHING). I. "Create" (Hebrew <i>bara</i>): Applied only to God (e.g., Gen. 1:1,21,27; 2:4; 5:1-2) with a sense								
		I. "Create" (Hebrew bara): Applied only to God (e.g., Gen. 1:1,21,27; 2:4; 5:1-2) with a sense of creation from nothing. (Cf. John 1:3; Heb. 11:3; Rev. 4:11)								
		2. "Made" (Hebrew asah): Applied both to God (e.g., Gen. 1:7,16,25,26;) and to humans, with								
		the sense of using already-existing material for a purpose (Gen. 3:21; Gen. 6:14-16; 13:4).								
		3. But these words also overlap and are sometimes used interchangeably.								
		a. God created (Gen. 1:27) and made man (Gen. 1:26).b. God rested from all his work which he created and made (Gen. 2:4).								
		c. "When God created man, he made him in the likeness of God. Male and female he								
		created them, and he blessed them and named them Man when they were created" (Gen. 5:1b-2).								
	C.	"Let there be": light (Gen. 1:3), an expanse (1:6), lights (sun & moon) (1:14-15).								
	D.	"Let the":								
		I. Waters be gathered and dry land appear (1:9).								
		 Earth sprout vegetation (1:11). Waters teem with living creatures (1:20). 								
		4. Earth bring forth living creatures (1:24).								
	E.	"According to its kind"								
		I. Vegetation, plants, fruit trees (Gen. 1:11-12).								
		2. Sea creatures, every moving creature, winged birds (Gen. 1:21).								
	F.	3. Earth creatures, livestock, creeping things, beasts of the earth (Gen. 1:24-25).								
	F. Big take-aways : I. God is the ultimate ORIGIN of the physical universe and of life. 2. There is LATITUDE on what God does and what God "lets" nature									
		do								
III.		OW LONG Did Creation Take? (O what a difference a "day" makes!)								
	A.	Young Earth Creationism (e.g., Bishop James Ussher; Ken Ham at								
		https://answersingenesis.org; Kent and Eric Hovind; Creation Research Society; Institute for Creation Research).								
	 The "days" (yom) of creation are consecutive, 24-hour solar days (144 total hours). The physical universe is less than 10,000 years old. 									
	В.	3. The Genesis flood (Gen. 6) was global. Gap Theory (e.g., Scofield Reference Bible of 1909 and 1917).								
	I. A large time gap exists between Gen 1:1 and Gen 1:2.									
		2. "The earth <u>became</u> [rather than "was"] formless [tohu] and void [bohu]" (Gen. 1:2).								
		3. A prior creation (perhaps including fallen angels) was destroyed; and God started over.								
	C.	Progressive Creationism (e.g., Hugh Ross at www.reasons.org).								

Day (yom) means indefinite periods of time, and God creates during distinct periods.
 Accepts the cosmological consensus about the age of the universe (13.8 byo) and the earth

(4.5 byo).

- 3. Accepts the Bible as "God-breathed" (2 Tim. 2:16-17), authoritative, and trustworthy.
- 4. God's revelation in Scripture and in nature is ultimately consistent.
- D. Analogical Day View (e.g., C. John Collins in Science and Faith: Friends or Foes?)
 - 1. The "days" of creation are an analogy to the familiar workweek (Ex. 20:8-11; Ps. 104:23).
 - 2. "There was evening and morning" highlight a pause in God's creation activity.
- E. Literary Framework View (e.g., John Lennox in Seven Days that Divide the World).
 - I. The creation days are NOT sequential or chronological (1-6).
 - 2. Days 1/4, 2/5, and 3/6 are correlated in a literary way.
 - 3. On days I-3, God creates a "container" or the "form." ("formless" in Gen. 1:2)
 - 4. On days 4-6, God creates things that go in the container. ("void" in Gen. 1:2)

Genesis 1:3-31 (cf. Gen. 1:2 "formless and void")

THE FORM	FILLED			
Day 1: Light created (day); separated from	Day 4: Two great lights (sun and moon) and			
darkness (night). [3-]	stars—signs for days and years. [14-]			
Day 2: A "vault" or "expanse" (heaven/sky) in the midst of the waters; waters separated. [6-]	Day 5: Living creatures in waters; birds; sea creatures; every living creature with which the waters swarmed. [20-]			
Day 3: Dry land appears (and seas); "let the land produce vegetation"; plants; trees. [9-]	Day 6: Living creatures on the ground; man "in our image" (male and female). [24-]			

- F. Meanings for "day" (yom) stressed by "old earth" creationists.
 - 1. Yom refers to the "light" called "day" as opposed to night (Gen. 1:5,14,16,18).
 - 2. Yom refers to the entire creation period (Gen. 2:4).
 - 3. Yom refers to an indefinite period of time: "In the day (yom) you eat, you will die" (Gen 2:7); "day" of reckoning" (Isa. 2:12); "in the day of Massah ... when your fathers tested Me" (Ps. 95:8-9).
 - 4. Yom as the seventh day of God's rest does not seem to be a 24-hour day (Gen. 2:2-3).
 - 5. A "day" is as a thousand years with the Lord (2 Peter 3:8; Ps. 90:4).

IV. Reflections and Applications on Biblical Creation

A.	Many devoted Ch different interpre		^	_AUTHORITY		have	
B.	TheWH	O	and the	WHY	are	e clear in	Scripture.
C.	What's not so cle		HOW	and	the	HOW	
D.	Don't be	DOGMATIC		_about only	yONE		_ interpretation
E.	The biblical descr	iptions of creat	creation are alwaysRELEVANT				
F.	TRUST (2 Tim. 3:15-17).		the sufficiency o	of Scripture	to accomplis	h God's	purpose

NOTE: Be sure to see the **event webpage** at www.RichKnopp.com/lcc-science/ for video recordings, lesson outlines, and related materials. These presentations are part of the ministry of **Room For Doubt**, which continues its work only through **donations** from those who share our mission to **encourage questions**, **address doubts**, **and strengthen faith**. If you value this endeavor, please consider supporting us. For more information, see www.RoomForDoubt.com/support.